

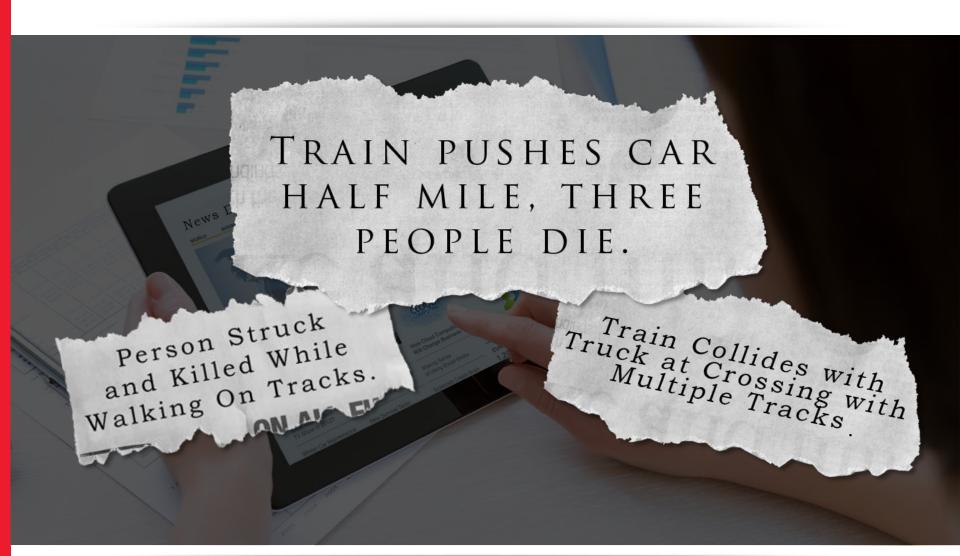


**Operation Lifesaver Presents:** 

In the Interest of Safety

# **It Happens Every Day...**





# **Any Time is Train Time**





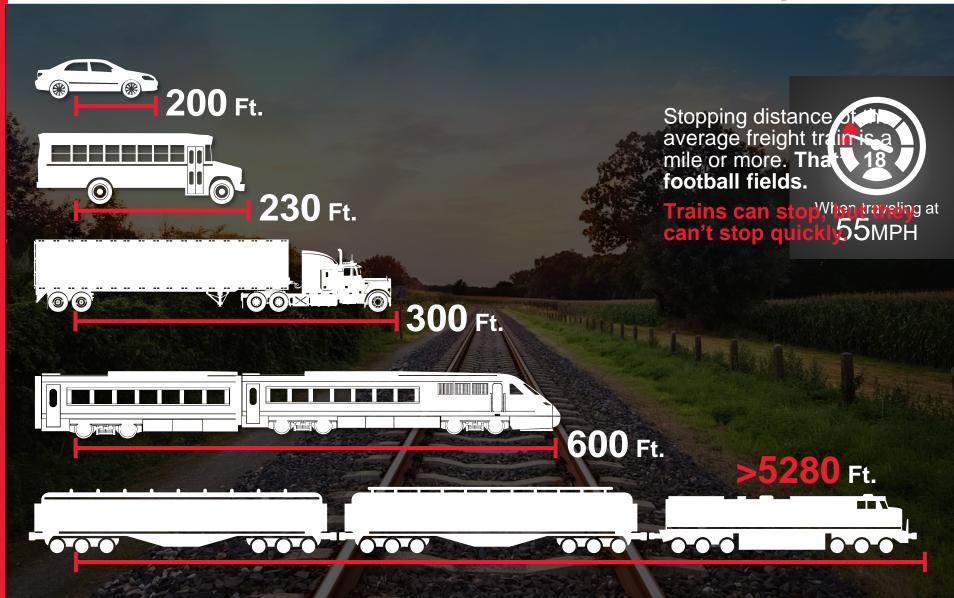
#### **Trains Can't Swerve**





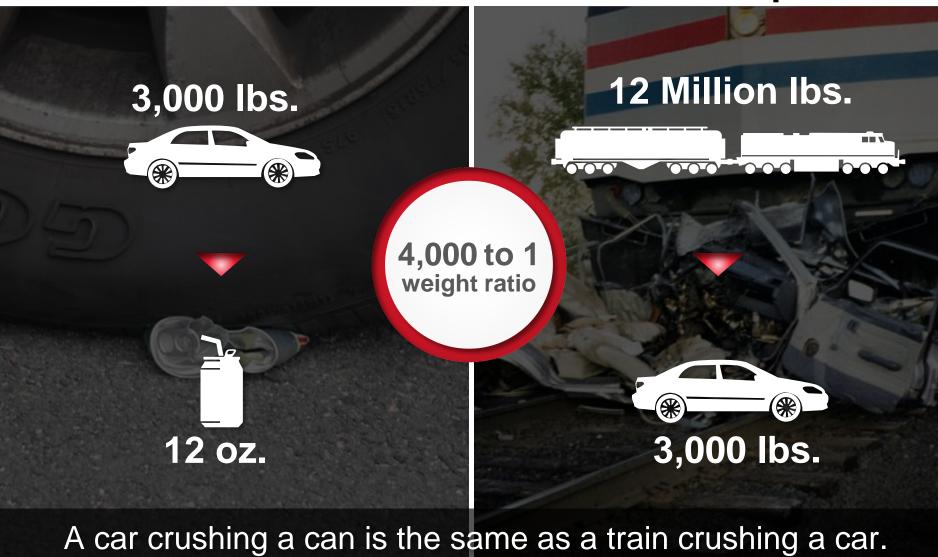
# **Approximate Stopping Distance**





# **Weight Ratio**

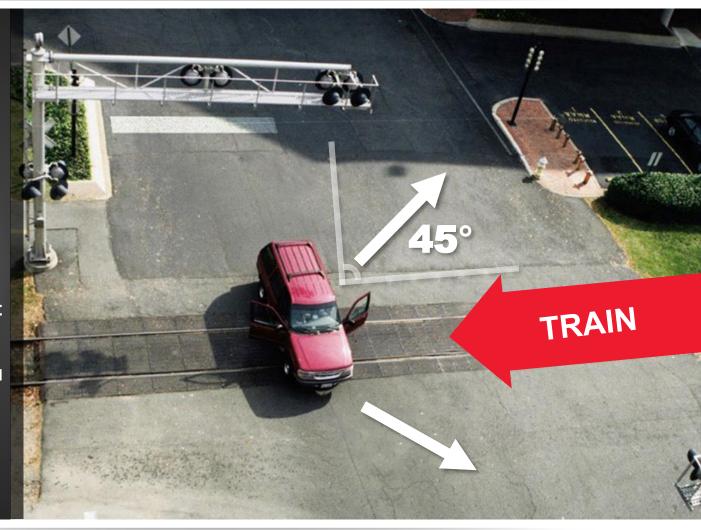




#### **What Will You Do if** You Stall on the Tracks?



- Get out!
- Get away from the tracks, even if you do not see a train.
- Locate the Emergency Notification System sign and call the number provided, telling them about the stalled vehicle.
- If a train is approaching, run toward the train but away from the tracks at a 45 degree angle. If you run in the same direction a train is traveling, you could be injured by flying debris.



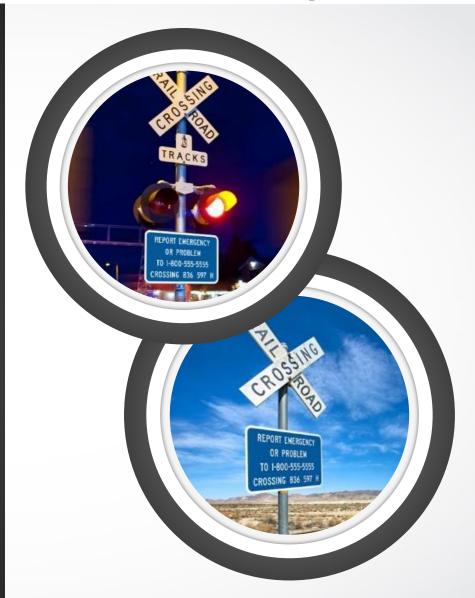
# **Emergency Notification System (ENS)**



REPORT EMERGENCY OR PROBLEM TO 1-800-555-5555 CROSSING 836 597 H

In case of emergency, look for this blue sign that shows an emergency phone number.

- Call the number and give the Department of Transportation (DOT) crossing number found on the sign to identify your location.
- This sign may be located on the crossbuck post or signal post.
- If you cannot locate the ENS sign, call 911 or the local police.



# **Approaching a Passive Crossing**

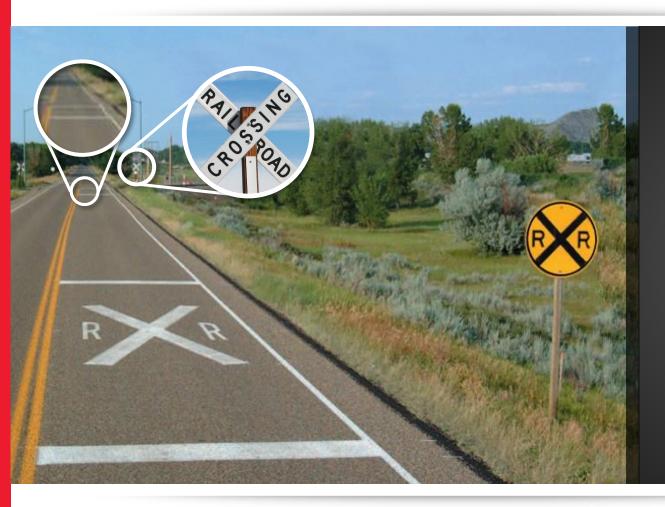




- You may see a round yellow Advance Warning sign that warns drivers that railroad tracks are ahead.
- Pavement markings R X R, may be near the Advance Warning sign.
- There is a no passing zone within 100 feet of the approach to a railroad crossing.

# **Passive Crossing**





- A passive crossing does not have flashing lights or automatic gates.
- The crossbuck sign, required at all public railroad crossings, means to yield the right of way to the train.
- A painted line identifies the safe place to stop when a train is approaching. If there isn't a line, stop no closer than 15 feet and no farther than 50 feet from the closest rail.

# **Active Crossing – Warning Devices**





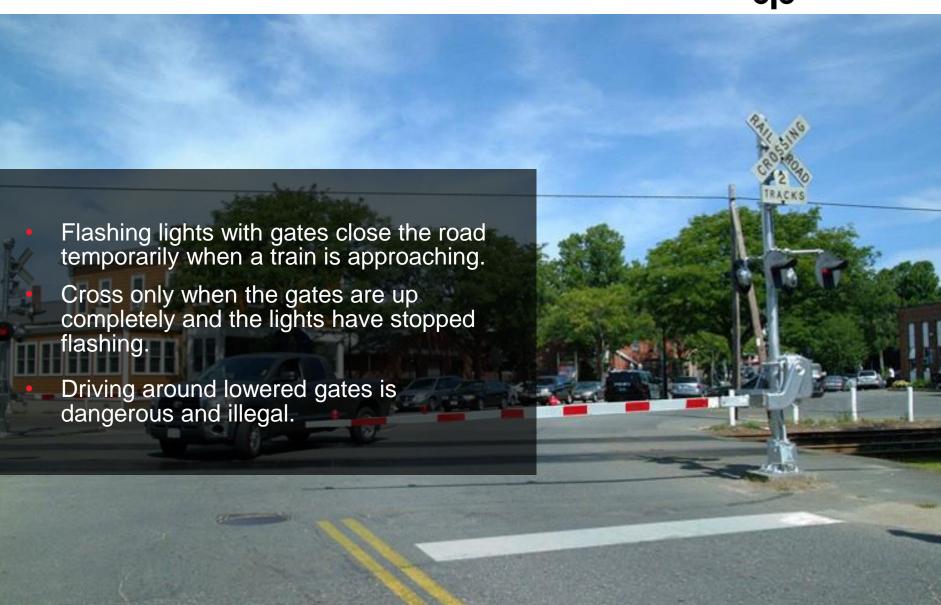
Flashing red lights warn of an approaching train and must be treated like a stop sign.

- At crossings with flashing lights and no gates, you must stop. Proceed only when it is safe to do so.
- Trains always have the right-of-way.



# **Driving Around the Gate**



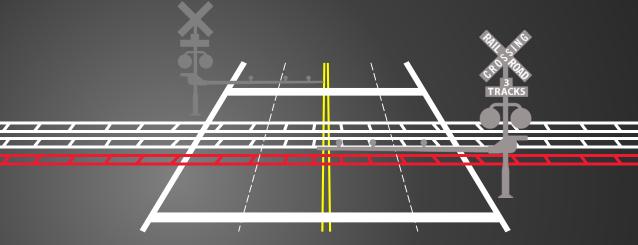


# **Multiple Tracks**





### Multiple Tracks Mean Multiple Trains



Check for a multiple track sign, which informs the driver how many sets of tracks are at that crossing.

Always make sure all tracks are clear before crossing any track. If there is a train in the crossing, after that train clears, make sure another train is not approaching on any other track from either direction.

# **There May Not Always Be a Train Horn**





Some communities have established Quiet Zones where train horns will not routinely sound.

Look for "No Train Horn" signs that should be attached to the Advance Warning Sign.

For more information on the Federal Train Horn Rule and Quiet Zones, visit www.fra.dot.gov.

# **Speed Misperception**





#### **Three Don'ts**









2 Don't shift gears while crossing the tracks



Don't stop on the tracks (it's illegal)





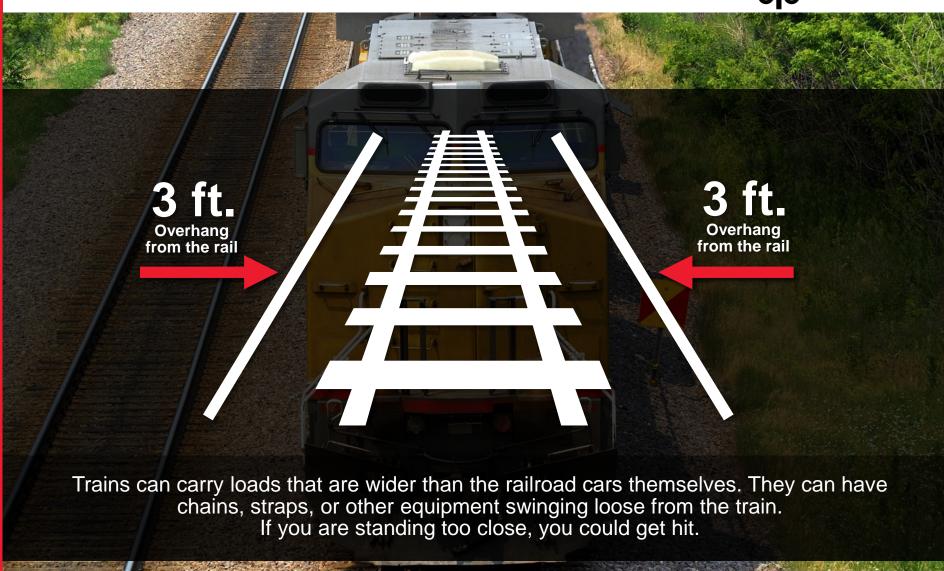




When you stop, make sure the front and the back of your vehicle are 15 feet from the nearest rail.

# **Trains Overhang the Track**





# **Overdriving Your Headlights**





Overdriving your headlights means driving too fast to stop in the distance illuminated by the headlights.



This can result in collisions when motorists run into the side of a train.

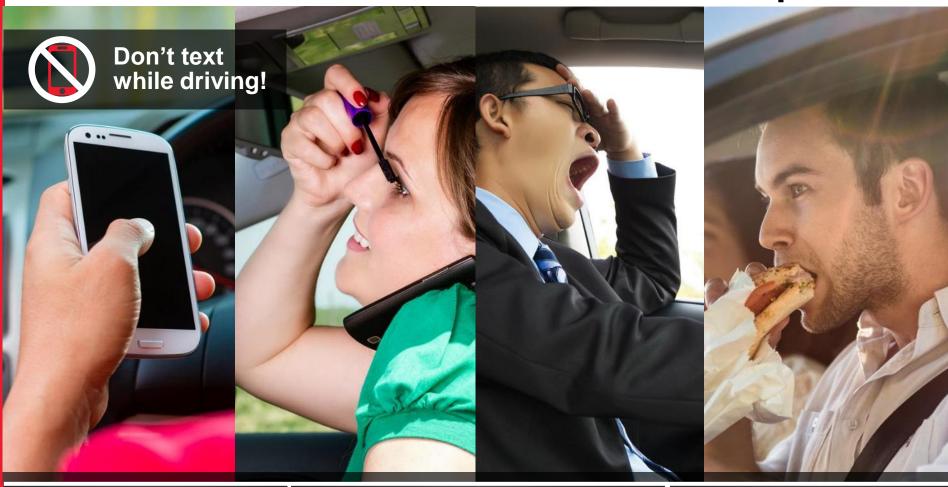


Watch for an Advance Warning Sign then slow down and be prepared to stop if a train is approaching.

Always expect a train!

#### **Distractions**





Multi-tasking behind the wheel can be dangerous and even deadly—this is especially true around train tracks.

Avoid driving when tired or after drinking alcohol or taking medications (prescriptions or over the counter) that can blur your vision, cause drowsiness, and impair reaction time.

When approaching railroad tracks, keep your full attention on the road and your surroundings.

# **Passenger Trains – The Platform**



# Trains can run on any track, at any time, from either direction, and can be very quiet.

- Obey all signs, announcements, and signals.
- Stand behind the painted or raised platform edge markings.
- Never go down onto tracks they may be electrified. If you drop something, alert a station agent, police officer, or other company personnel.

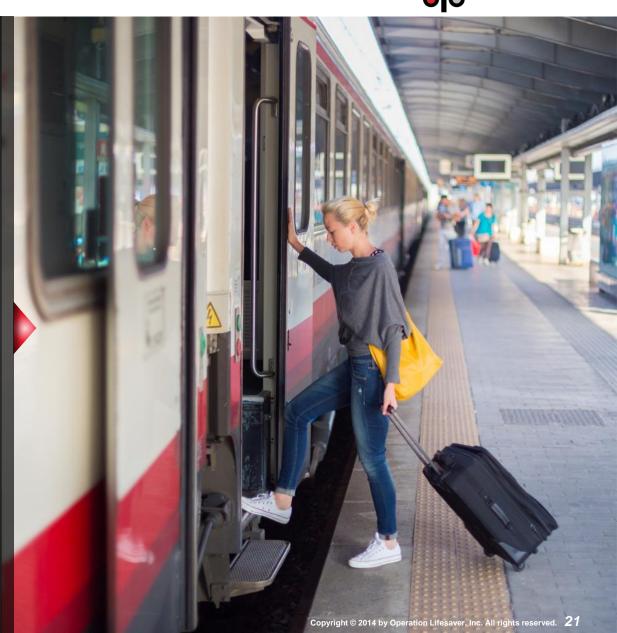


# Transit & Passenger Trains – Riding, Entering, and Exiting



Be careful getting on and off the train—there may be a gap or steps down to the ground.

- Hold on tight to poles or seats.
- Listen carefully to directions from the train operator or conductor.
- Hold children by the hand as the train moves into or out of the station.
- Follow signs letting you know where it is safe to cross the tracks anywhere else is dangerous and illegal.



## **Light Rail and Streetcars**



Some transit systems, like light rail and streetcars, run in the street, alongside cars, bicycles, and pedestrians.

# When you are walking or biking around these systems:

- Cross light rail and streetcar tracks only at designated crossings, and obey all warnings, signals, lights, and signs.
- Do not walk or ride your bike along the tracks.
- When you cross the tracks on your bike, dismount and walk across at a 90-degree angle.
- Never run to catch the train or streetcar, or try to board when it's moving.
- Watch your step getting on and off the train or streetcar.



# Stay Off! Stay Away! Stay Alive!®



# TRESPASSING IS **DANGEROUS** AND ILLEGAL



STAY OFF RAILROAD TRACKS Railroad property is private property.

Being on railroad tracks or property without permission is trespassing, even if a sign is not posted.

Taking a shortcut across the tracks can get you seriously injured or killed.

# **Trespassing**







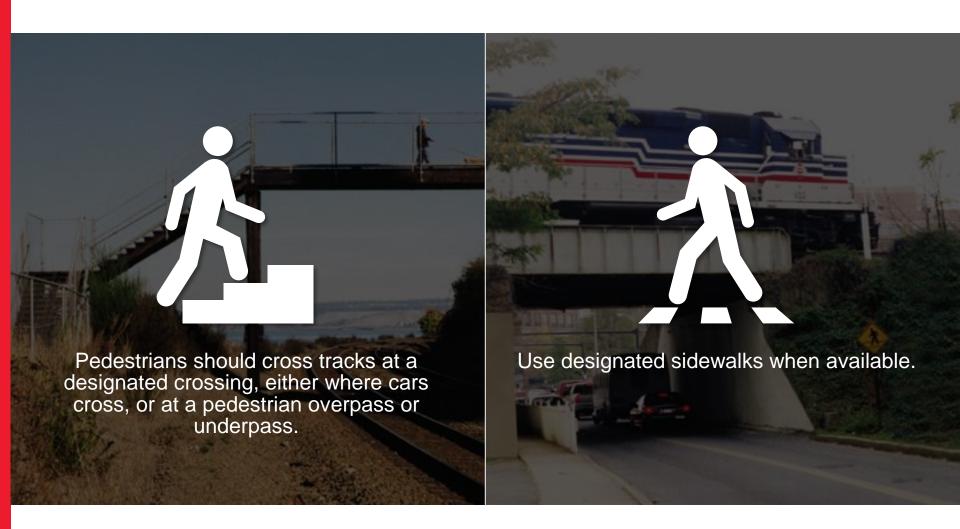




- Recreational activities do not mix with railroad tracks—you are trespassing.
- Listening to music near railroad tracks may prevent you from hearing the train horn.
- Train crews are not expecting people on or near the tracks. You may not be able to hear a warning in time.

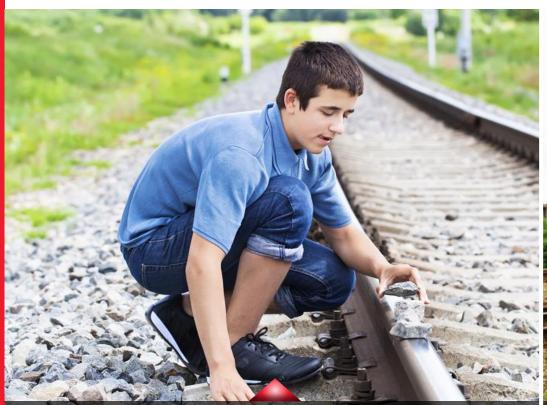
#### Where Do You Cross the Tracks?





# **Objects and Trains Do Not Mix**



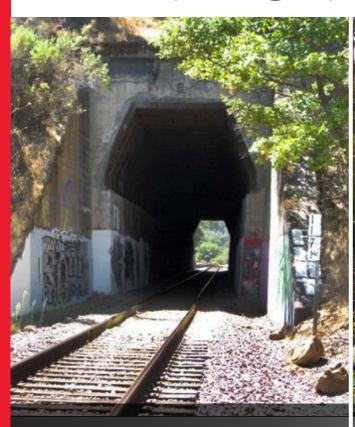


Placing objects on the rails is **illegal** and **potentially deadly.** 

Throwing objects at trains is against the law. Any object thrown at a moving train can bounce back with deadly force.

# **Tunnels, Bridges, and Trestles**







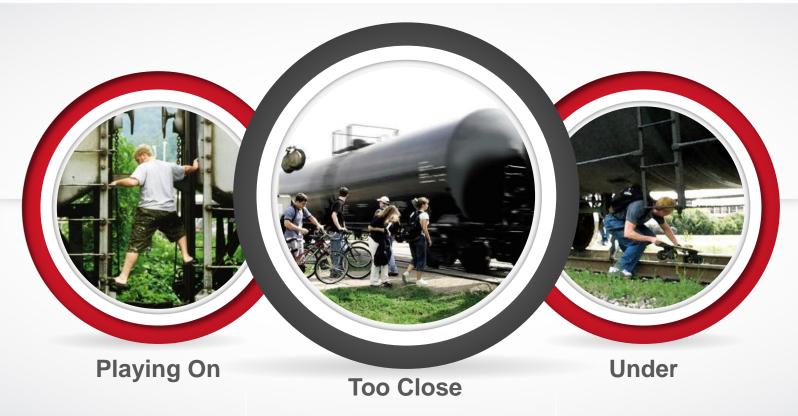
Railroad bridges, tunnels, and trestles are private property enter and you are trespassing.

If you are trespassing on a bridge with a train approaching, you have two choices: jump or get hit.

Tunnels, bridges, and trestles are only designed for trains.

#### **Trains Can Move Without Warning**





Do not play on rail cars. When the train starts to move, the rail cars often jerk with enough force to knock you off.

Don't stand too close to the tracks. Overhanging equipment can hit you causing serious injuries or death.

Don't crawl under rail cars. Trains move without warning. You can lose an arm, a leg, or even worse.

#### **Do Not Walk on Tracks**





Walking on railroad tracks is dangerous and illegal.

- Many people believe they will always hear a train coming, but some trains are silent and difficult to hear.
- Engaging in conversation, speaking on a cell phone, and listening to music are all potentially deadly distractions.
- Trains can run on any track, at any time, from either direction.
- Walking, lying, or sitting on the tracks can cause injuries and even death.
- Tracks are for trains, not for people— Stay Off! Stay Away! Stay Alive!







#### **School Buses**



- Know the length of your bus so you can fully clear the track.
- After stopping, you can inch forward to see further down the track if necessary.
- Create an evacuation plan in case the bus stalls or is trapped on the tracks.
- You should know and follow the policies of your jurisdiction.



#### **Hazardous Materials**







Federal regulations require all trucks carrying hazardous material to stop at all railroad crossings.

- Drivers must ensure a train is not approaching and that they have sufficient time and space to make it across the tracks safely.
- Know the length of your vehicle.
- Don't stop with the front or back of your vehicle closer than 15 feet from the nearest rail.

# **Exempt Signs and Crossings**





Certain vehicles are required to stop at all grade crossings unless there is an exempt sign posted. Refer to your local and state laws and company policies for additional information.



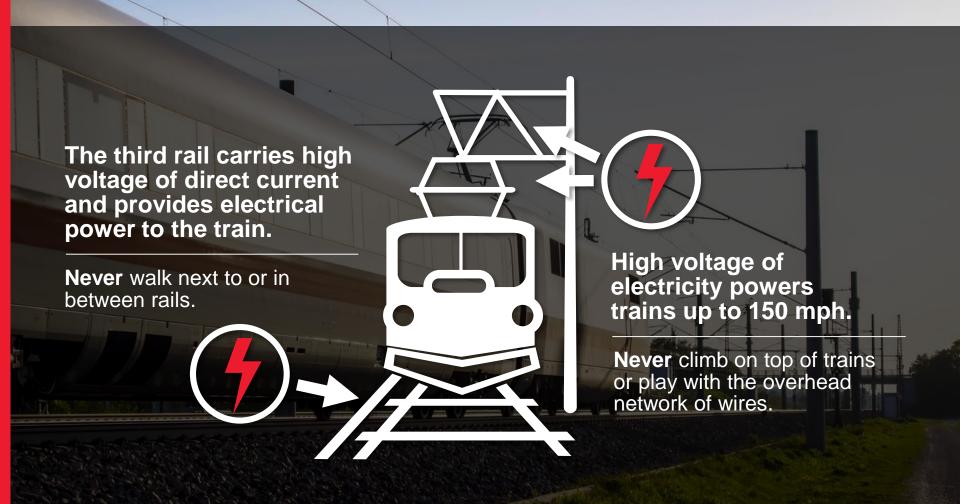
# **Hump Crossings**





#### **Electrification**





#### **Train and Car Collisions**





- Two construction workers were late for work.
- They approached a properly operating railroad crossing with the gates down.
- After waiting for the train to pass, they drove around the lowered crossing gates thinking it was safe.
- They were struck by an oncoming train on the other tracks.

**Never drive around** lowered gates.

#### **Train and Truck Collisions**





Collisions between tractortrailers and trains cause severe damage. This truck was shoved a great distance from the crossing.

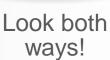
Reasons a tractor-trailer could get hit by a train:

- The driver may fail to look for an oncoming train.
- The driver may try to beat the train.
- Low clearance can cause the trailer to get hung up on the tracks.

## Look, Listen & Live









Listen for the sound of a train!







If you look and listen, you will live!



#### **Road Parallels Track**



This sign warns that the next turn will immediately approach a railroad crossing. Drivers should slow down and make the turn with caution and look for an approaching train.

# **Farm Machinery - Where to Cross**





**Cross only** at approved crossings.

- Crossing the tracks, other than at a grade crossing, is dangerous and illegal.
- Large equipment takes longer to clear the tracks than a small motor vehicle.
- Don't try to beat the train to the crossing.
- Combines, sprayers, and other equipment are really big, but not as big as a 12 million pound train.



# Farm Machinery - Crossing Safely





Slow down as you approach every crossing.

- Do not stop closer than 15 feet or further than 50 feet from the nearest rail.
- Turn off radios and air conditioners.
- Open your door or window to listen for a train.
- Watch for hump crossing signs where a close clearance can cause you to get hung-up on the tracks.
- If you get stuck, get out of your vehicle and look for an emergency phone number to contact the railroad—if you can't find it, call 911.



# **Working Near Tracks**























TOCHDOWN

# IT CAN TAKE THE LENGTH OF TO STOP A TRAIN. **See Tracks? Think Train!**





SeeTracksThinkTrain.org



TOUCHDOWN



# **Thank You**

